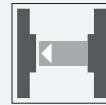


Thru-beam sensor (pair)

OBE500-R3F-SE2-0,2MV31-Y263494

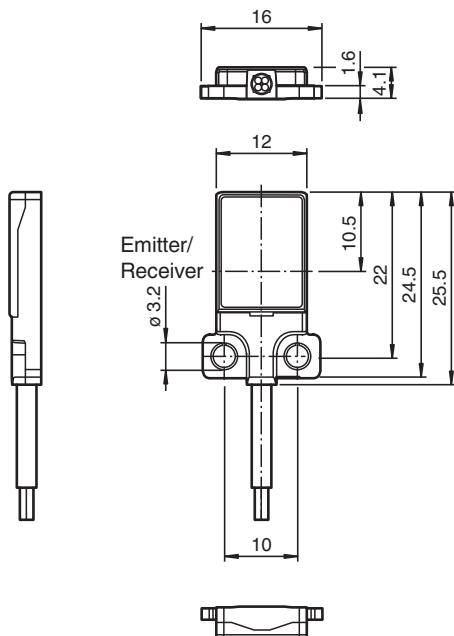


- Very flat design for direct mounting without mounting bracket
- Very bright, highly visible light spot

Thru-beam sensor, flat design, M3 mounting, 500 mm detection range, red light, dark on, PNP output, with 0.2 m fixed cable and M8 plug, 4-pin



Dimensions



Technical Data

System components

Emitter	OBE500-R3F-S-0,2M-V31
Receiver	OBE500-R3F-E2-0,2M-V31-Y814592

General specifications

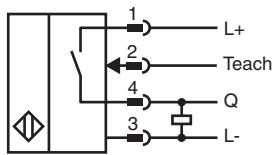
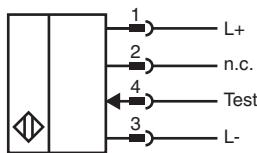
Effective detection range	0 ... 500 mm
Threshold detection range	700 mm

Light source	LED
Light type	modulated visible red light, 630 nm

Technical Data

LED risk group labelling		exempt group
Angle deviation		approx. 2 °
Object size		typ. starts from 1.5 mm
Diameter of the light spot		approx. 90 mm at a distance of 500 mm
Opening angle		approx. 5 °
Optical face		frontal
Ambient light limit		EN 60947-5-2 : 25000 Lux
Functional safety related parameters		
MTTF _d		806 a
Mission Time (T _M)		20 a
Diagnostic Coverage (DC)		0 %
Indicators/operating means		
Operation indicator		LED green, statically lit Power on , short-circuit : LED green flashing (approx. 4 Hz)
Function indicator		Receiver: LED yellow, lights up when light beam is free, flashes when falling short of the operating reserve ; OFF when light beam is interrupted
Electrical specifications		
Operating voltage	U _B	10 ... 30 V DC
No-load supply current	I ₀	Emitter: ≤ 11 mA Receiver: ≤ 8 mA
Protection class		III
Input		
Test input		Test of switching function at 0 V
Switching threshold		Teach-In input
Output		
Switching type		NO contact / dark-on
Signal output		1 PNP output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, open collector
Switching voltage		max. 30 V DC
Switching current		max. 50 mA , resistive load
Voltage drop	U _d	≤ 1.5 V DC
Switching frequency	f	approx. 1 kHz
Response time		500 µs
Conformity		
Product standard		EN 60947-5-2
Approvals and certificates		
UL approval		E87056 , cULus Recognized, Class 2 Power Source
CCC approval		CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V
Ambient conditions		
Ambient temperature		-25 ... 60 °C (-13 ... 140 °F)
Storage temperature		-20 ... 70 °C (-4 ... 158 °F)
Mechanical specifications		
Housing width		16 mm
Housing height		25.5 mm
Housing depth		4.1 mm
Degree of protection		IP67
Connection		200 mm fixed cable with 4-pin, M8x1 connector
Material		
Housing		PC (Polycarbonate) and Stainless steel
Optical face		PMMA
Cable		PUR
Mass		approx. 10 g per sensor
Tightening torque, fastening screws		1 Nm
Cable length		200 mm

Connection



Connection Assignment



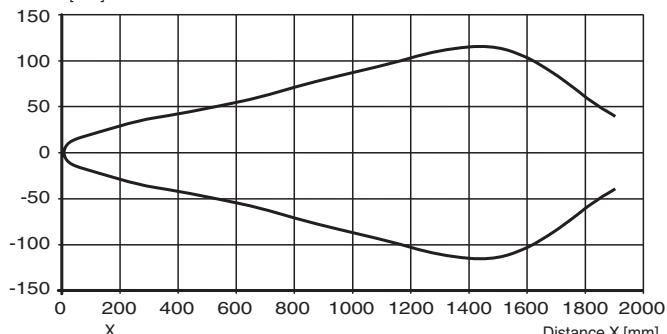
Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)

Characteristic Curve

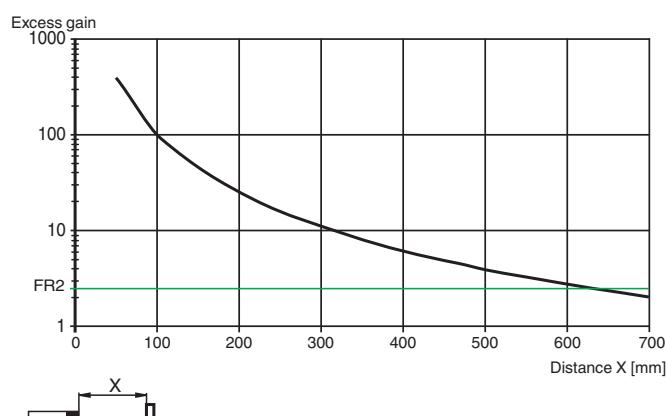
Characteristic response curve

Offset Y [mm]

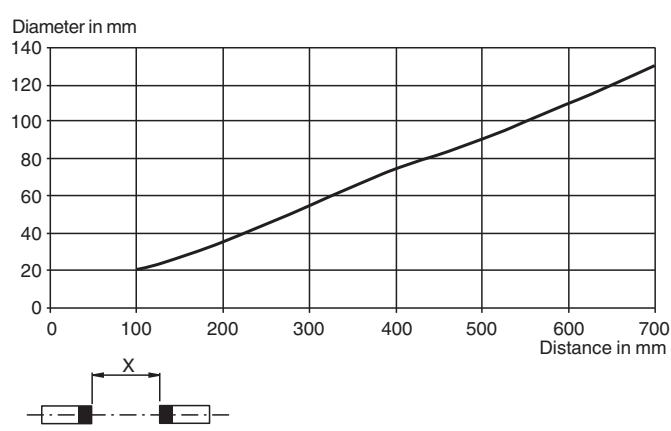


Characteristic Curve

Relative received light strength



Light spot diameter



Accessories

	V31-GM-2M-PUR	Female cordset single-ended M8 straight A-coded, 4-pin, PUR cable grey
	V31-WM-2M-PUR	Female cordset single-ended M8 angled A-coded, 4-pin, PUR cable grey

Teach-In

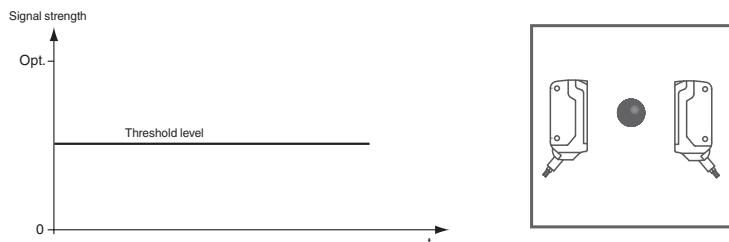
The thru-beam sensor enables the switching points to be taught in for optimum adaptation to specific applications. This eliminates the need for additional components such as apertures.

The sensitivity of the thru-beam sensor can be adjusted using three Teach-in methods:

Position Teach

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum



Recommended application:

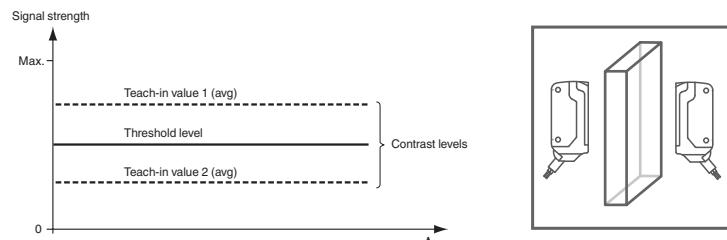
This method enables minuscule particles in the beam path to be detected, and provides exceptional positioning accuracy. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

1. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
2. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
3. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static and yellow LED blinks.

Two-Point Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set in the center between the two taught signal values

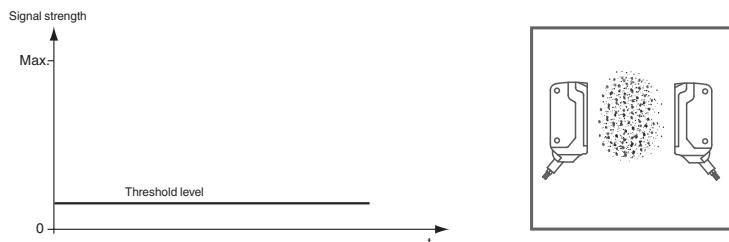


1. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
2. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
3. Position the object in the beam path.
4. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
5. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.

Maximum Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to a maximum
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum



Recommended application:

Enables an object to be detected with a high excess gain. This can be useful if there is severe environmental contamination or to achieve long operating times.

Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

6. Cover the receiver or transmitter.
7. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz

8. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz

9. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.